

STT 200 11-16-09

Note Title

11/16/2009

TODAY: REC. ASSIGNMENT 11-17-09

NOTE: SEVERAL CHANGES TO ASSIGNMENT:

#1.  $.0002 = P(B)$

and  $\leftarrow \text{sum } .0002 \rightarrow$

#36.

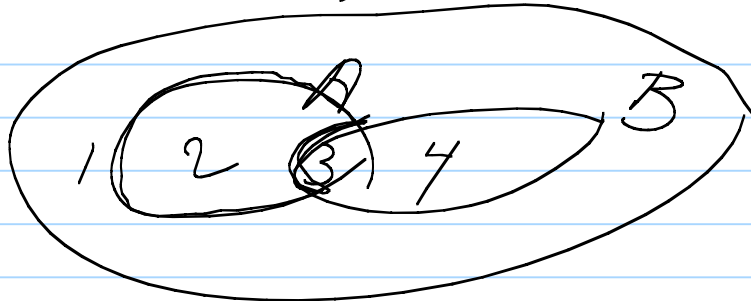
$$P(\bar{R}_1 R_2) = P(\bar{R}_1) P(R_2 | \bar{R}_1)$$

#4c.  $P(\text{RAIN SUN} \mid \text{RAIN SAT}) = 0.$

THESE HAVE BEEN POSTED.

# #5, TREE + BAYES' METHOD.

NOTE:



UNKNOWN5

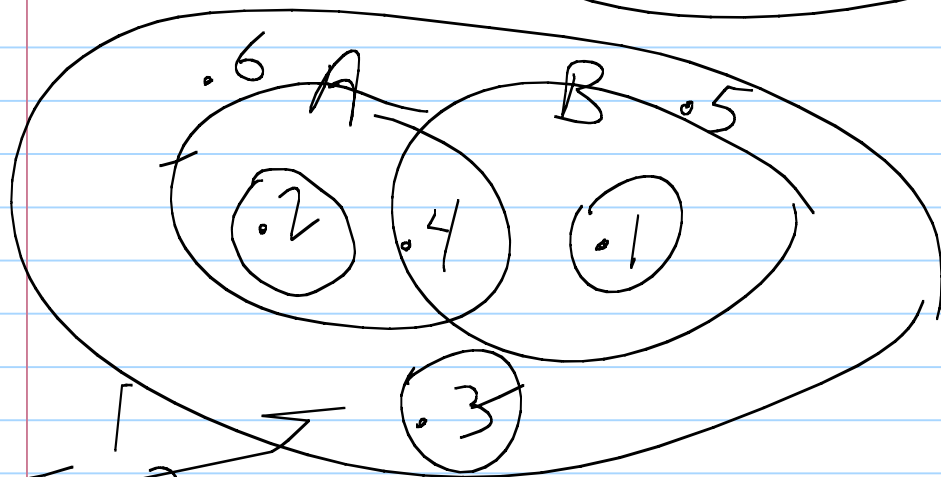
$$P(1) = P(A^c \cap B^c) \\ = P(\bar{A} \cap \bar{B})$$

$$P(2) = P(A \cap B^c)$$

$$P(3) = P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(4) = P(A^c \cap B)$$

$$\underline{PT = 1}$$

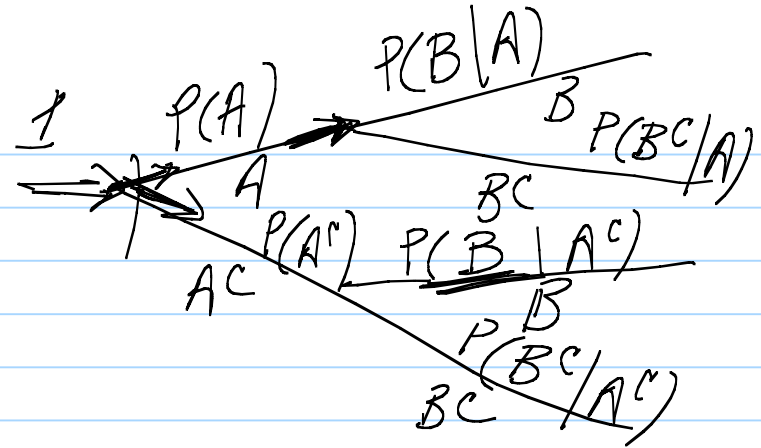


$$P(A) = .6 \quad P(B) = .5$$

$$P(A \cap B) = .4 \text{ (TRY IT)}$$

TREE IS WHEN  
 $P(A)$  GIVEN

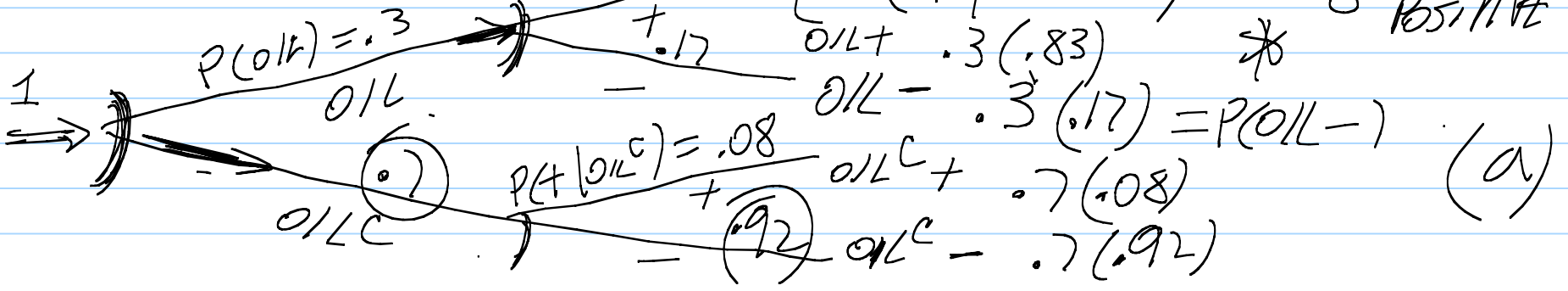
$P(B|A)$ ,  $P(B|A^c)$



OIL EXAMPLE

# 5. GIVEN  $P(OIL) = .3$ ,  $P(-|OIL) = .17$  FALSE NEGATIVE

TEST FOR OIL YIELDS + GOOD - BAD  $(.83)$   $P(+|NO OIL) = .08$  FALSE POSITIVE

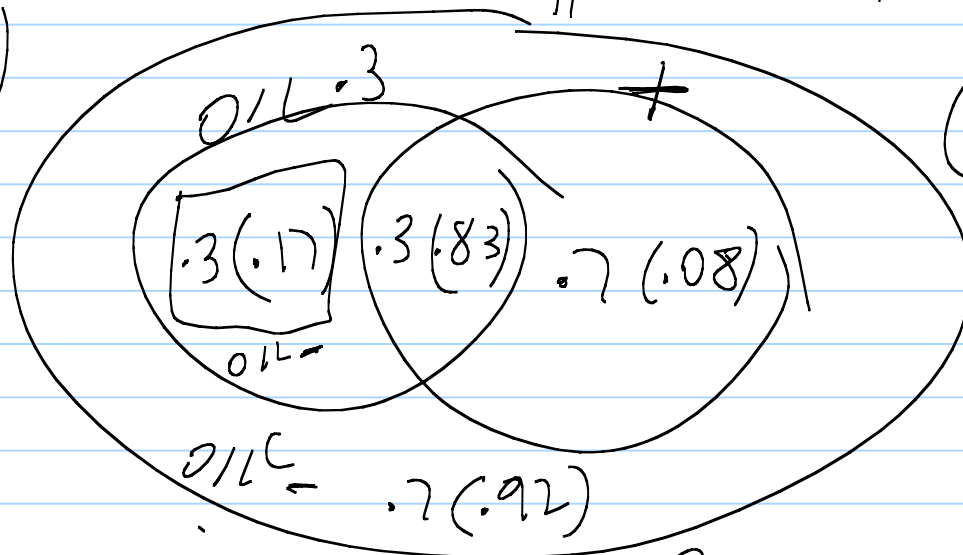


KEEP IN MIND:

GIVEN  $P(OIL)$ ,  $P(+ | OIL)$   $P(+ | OIL^c)$  (or equivalent)

TOTAL 1 (VENN PR)

(b) VENN



$$\begin{aligned} (c) P(+ &= P(OIL+) \\ &+ P(OIL^c+) \\ &= .3(.83) + .7(.08) \end{aligned}$$

(d) IF WANT TO REVISE  $P(OIL)$  AFTER HAVING SEEN "+ TEST" BUT WHAT IS  $P(+)$ ?

ALWAYS  $P(B|A) \stackrel{DEF}{=} P(A \cap B) / P(A)$

SO FOR THIS TREE

$$P(\text{oil} | +) = \frac{P(\text{oil} | +) P(+)}{P(+)} = \frac{.3(.83)}{.3(.83) + .7(.08)} = .8164$$

"GIVEN"

THIS UP FROM  $P(\text{oil}) = .3$  (A-PRIORI)

---

~~#5 CONT.~~  $P(\text{oil} | -) \stackrel{\text{DEF}}{=} \frac{P(\text{oil} | -) P(-)}{P(-)} = \frac{.3(.17)}{.3(.17) + .7(.92)} = .0734$

$P(\text{oil})$   
TIMES  
 $P(- | \text{oil})$

oil - or oilc

#4 WEATHER:  $P(\text{RAIN SAT}) = .8$ ,  $P(\text{RAIN SUN}) = .6$

(a) DO YOU BELIEVE RAIN SAT + SUN ARE INDEPENDENT EVENTS? HERE IN E.L.?

LIKELY NOT INDEP.

A IND OF B

$$\equiv P(B|A) = P(B)$$

$$\text{or } \equiv P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B)$$

$$\equiv P(B^c|A^c) = P(A^c)$$

(b) Suppose "SAT" "SUN" ARE INDEP.

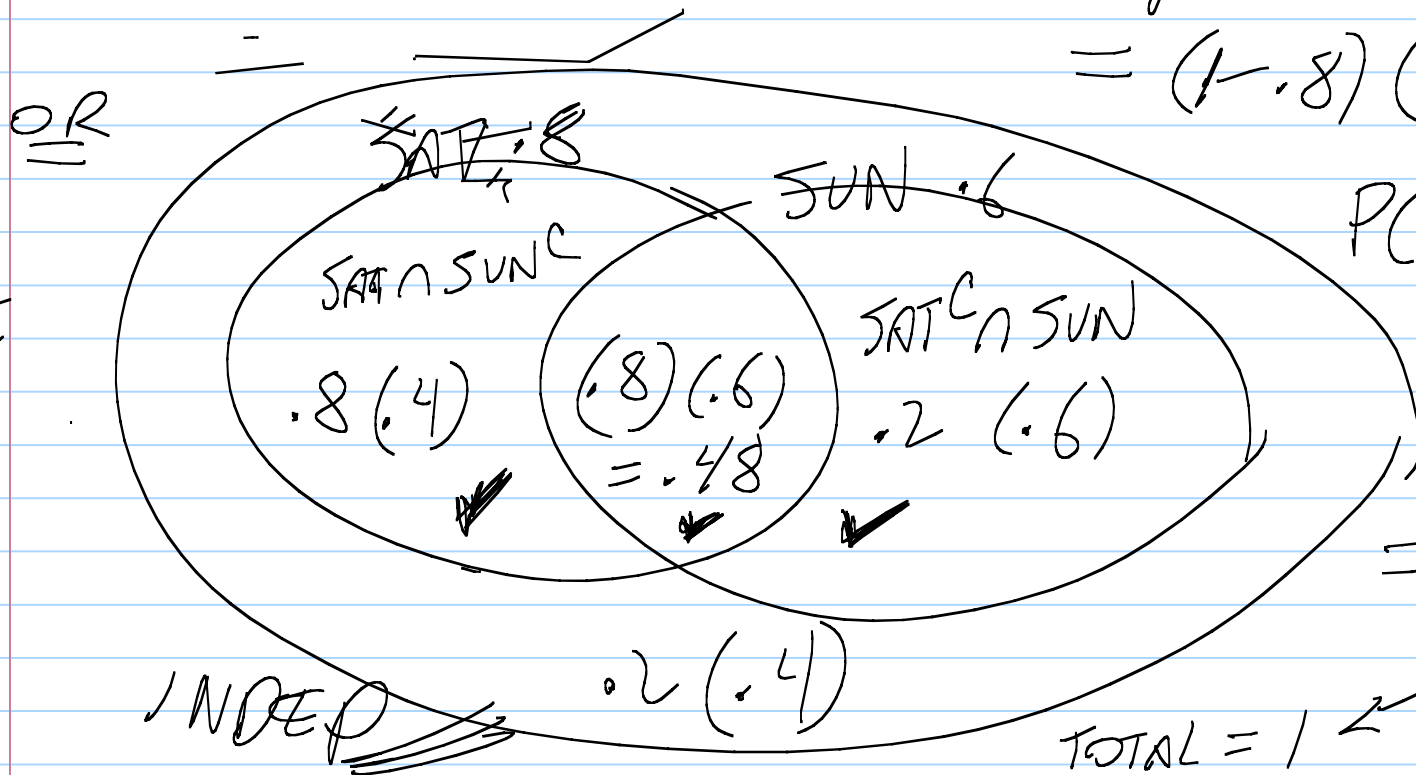
$$\Rightarrow P(\text{SAT} \cap \text{SUN}) = P(\text{SAT})P(\text{SUN}) = (.8)(.6) = .48$$

and - INDEP CASE -

ASK?  $P(\text{NO RAIN SAT OR SUN}) = P(\text{SAT}^c \cap \text{SUN}^c)$

$\stackrel{\text{INDEP}}{=} P(\text{SAT}^c) P(\text{SUN}^c)$

$= (1 - .8)(1 - .6) = (.2)(.4)$



$P(\checkmark) = P(\text{RAIN ON WEEK END})$

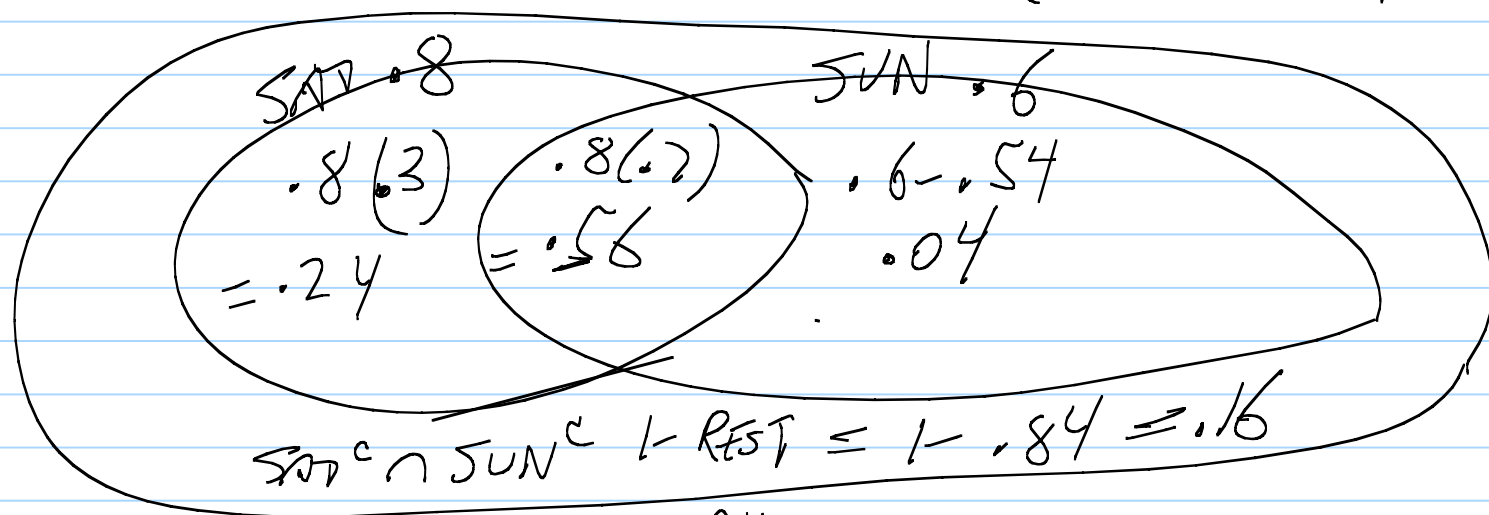
COULD HAVE DONE

$P(\text{NO RAIN SAT OR SUN})$

$= 1 - .8(.4) - .48 - .12$

SAME

# 4(c). If RAIN SAT, SUN ARE NOT INDEPENDENT BUT  
 RATHER  $P(\text{SUN} | \text{SAT}) = .7$  (CHANGED) THEN NEW VENN



$$P(\text{SAT} \cap \text{SUN}) \stackrel{\text{ALWAYS}}{=} P(\text{SAT}) P(\text{SUN} |_{\text{IF}} \text{SAT}) \approx .93$$

$$= .8 (.7) = .56$$

$$4(d). P(\text{SAT} |_{\text{IF}} \text{SUN}) \stackrel{\text{DEF}}{=} P(\text{SAT} \cap \text{SUN}) / P(\text{SUN}) = .56 / .6$$



PITFALLS WITH COND'L PR.

$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	mm
$\frac{1}{4}$		mF
$\frac{1}{4}$		Fm
	$\frac{1}{4}$	<del>FF</del>

$$P(2 \text{ males} \mid \text{AT LEAST 1 MALE}) = \frac{1}{3}$$

#3. [3R 4G 5Y] WITHOUT REPL

EQ PROB ON THOSE REMAINING.

$$(a) P(R_1) = \frac{3}{12}$$

$$(b) \underline{P(R_2 \mid R_1)} = \frac{2}{11}$$

DRAW FROM [2R 9 OTHER]

typo  $P(R_2 | \bar{R}_1) = P(R_2 | R_1^c) = \frac{3}{11}$  FROM [3R 8OWER]

~~ORDER OF~~  
?  $P(R_2) = P(R_1)$

~~DRAW DOES NOT MATTER~~

DETAILS (RULES)

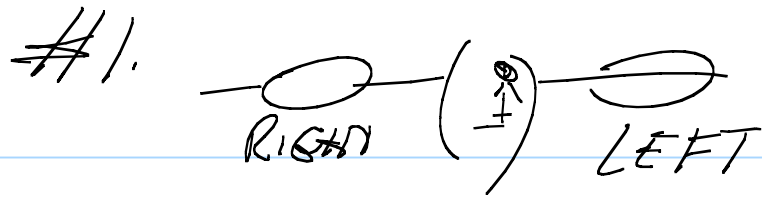
$P(R_2) = P(R_1 \cap R_2) + P(R_1^c \cap R_2)$

$= P(R_1)P(R_2 | R_1) + P(R_1^c)P(R_2 | R_1^c)$

$= \frac{3}{12} \cdot \frac{2}{11} + \frac{9}{12} \cdot \frac{3}{11} = \frac{6+27}{12 \cdot 11}$

$= \frac{33}{12 \cdot 11} = \frac{3}{12}$  SAME AS  $P(R_1)$  !!

[3R 4G 5Y]



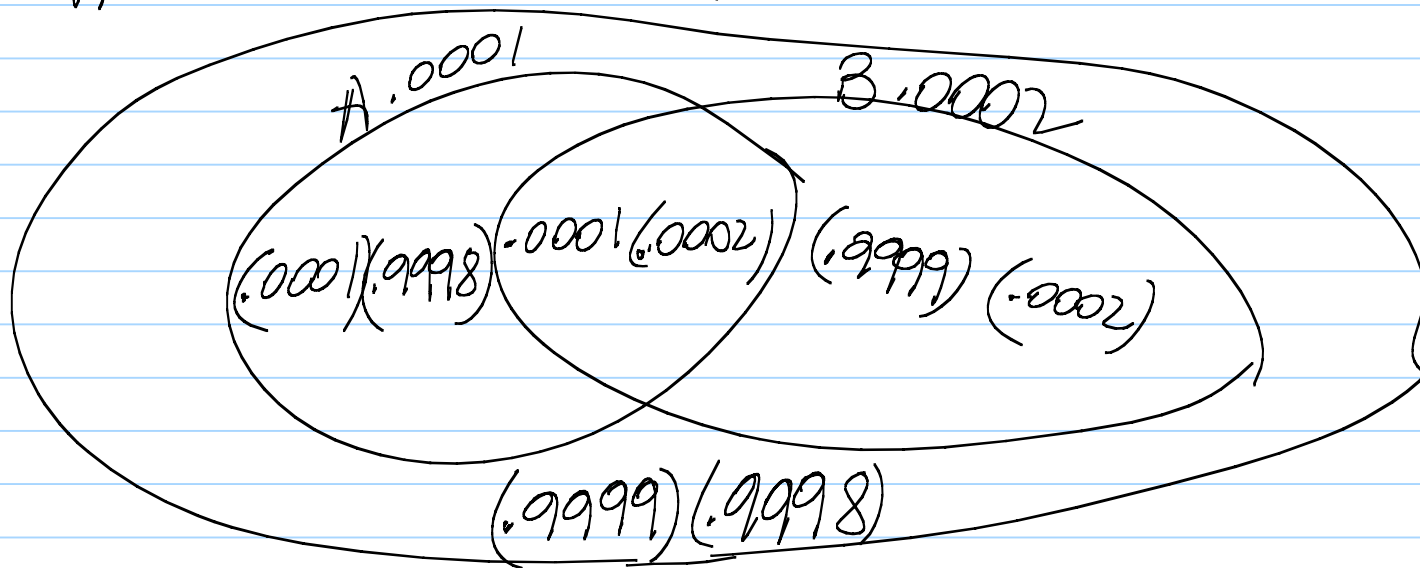
$A = \text{LEFT FAILS}$

$$P(A) = .0001$$

$B = \text{RIGHT FAILS}$

$$P(B) = .0002 \text{ (CHANGED!)}$$

Suppose  $A, B$  ARE INDEPENDENT.



$$P(\text{AT LEAST ONE DOES NOT FAIL}) = (.9999)(.9998)$$

LEFT DOES  
NOT FAIL